

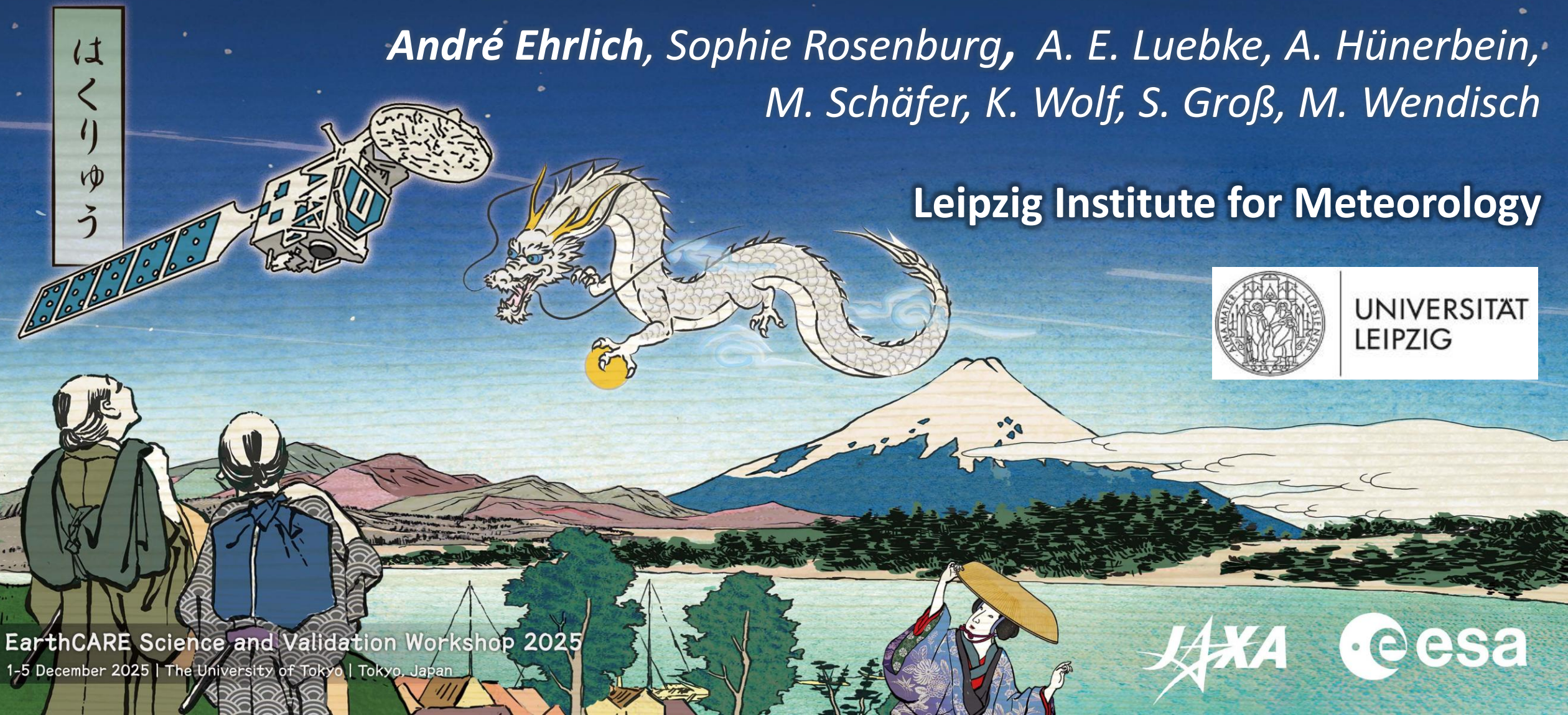
Validation of MSI and BBR by high altitude airborne measurements on HALO

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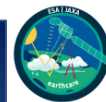
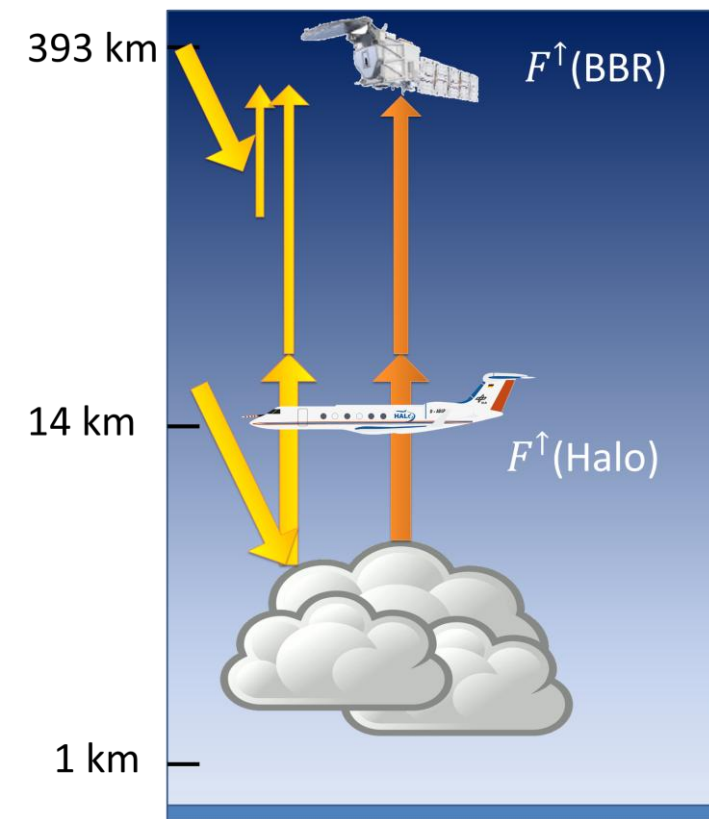


EarthCARE Science and Validation Workshop 2025

1-5 December 2025 | The University of Tokyo | Tokyo, Japan



Measurements and Corrections



BBR

Broad-Band Radiometer

- Solar and TIR upward irradiance
- 10 km x 10 km FOV (stand. resolution)

BMA_FLX_2B Product (Baseline BA)
(Velázquez Blázquez et al., 2024)



BACARDI

(Ehrlich et al. 2023)

Broadband AirCrAft RaDiometer Instrumentation



- 2x Pyranometer
- 2x Pyrgeometer
- Hemispherical FOV

- solar 0.2 – 3.6 μm
(0.2 – 3 μm)
- TIR 4.5 – 42.0 μm
(3 – 100 μm)



MSI

Multi-Spectral Imager

- 3x TIR channels
- 500 m pixel size

MSI RGR 1C (Baseline BA)
(Eisinger et al., 2024)



VELOX

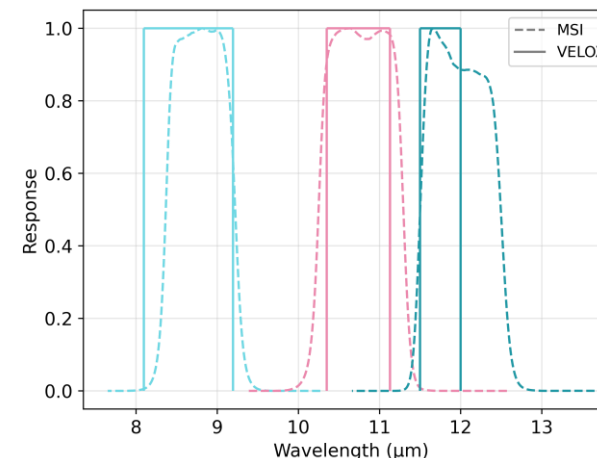
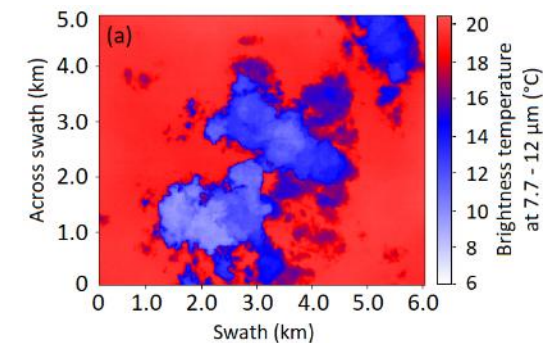
(Schäfer et al. 2022)

Video airborne Longwave Observations within six channels



- Thermal-IR Imager
- 7.7 – 12.0 μm (6 ch)
- 36° x 29° FOV
- 10 m pixel size

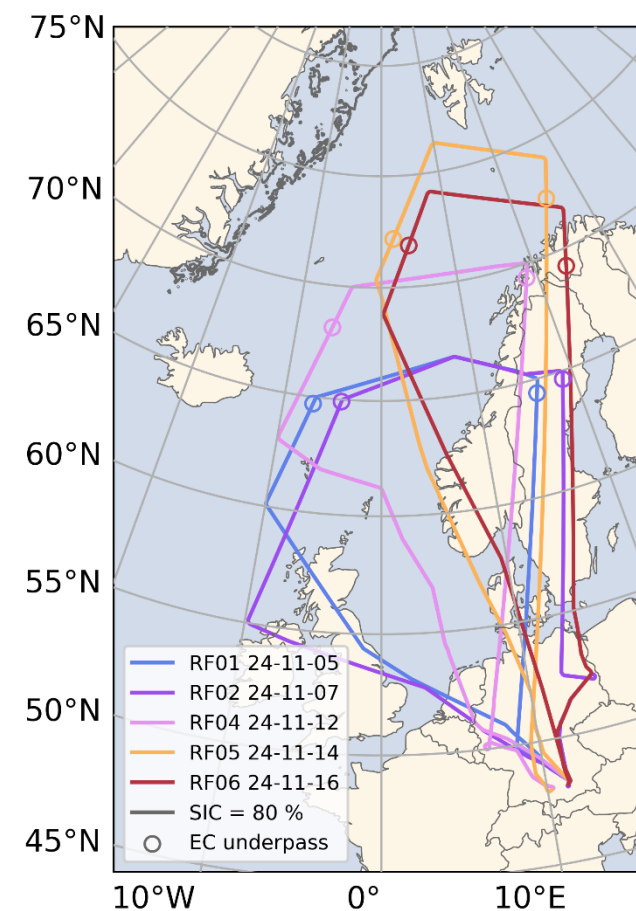
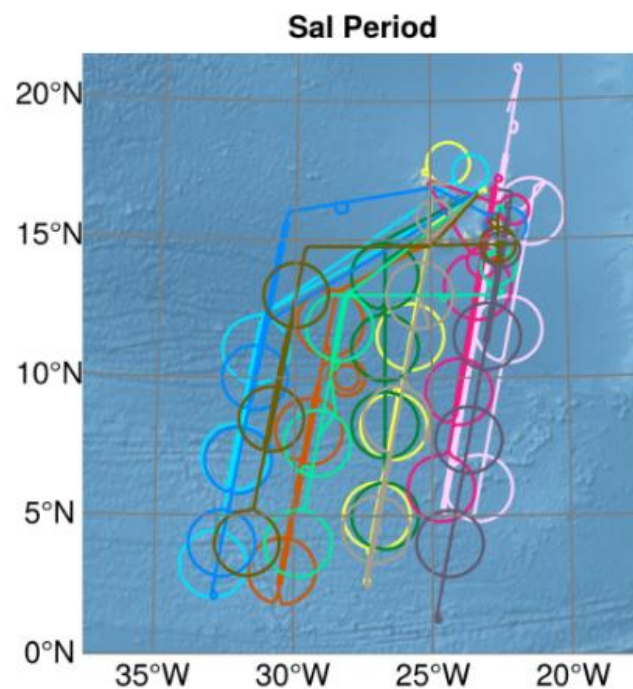
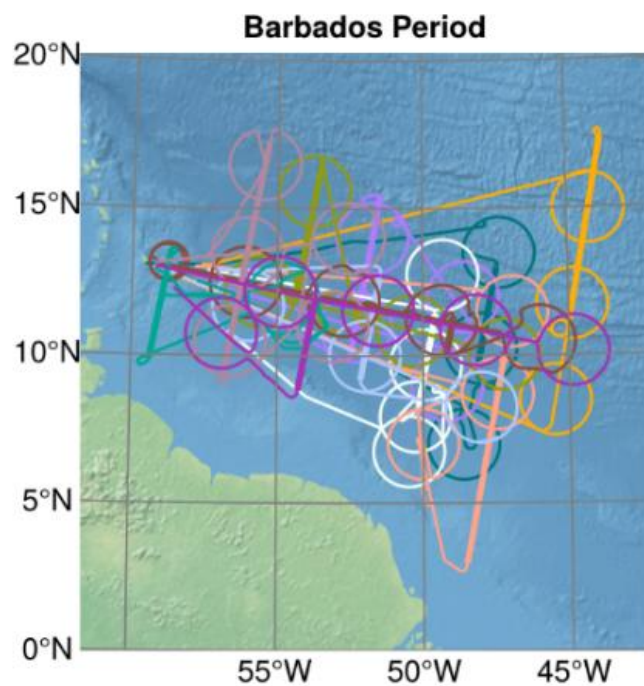
Brightness temperature





Filtering of data → no clouds above HALO
→ ± 7.5 min overpass time

TROPICS (17 orbits)



High Latitudes (8 orbits)

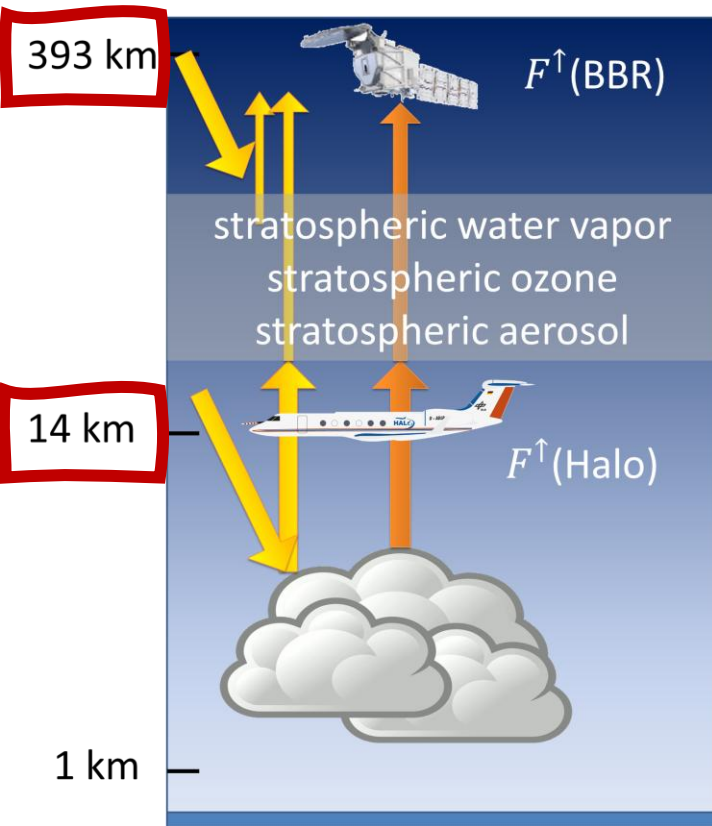
Atmospheric correction:

- MSI/VELOX: → high latitudes small effect
→ tropics correction is needed
- BBR/BACARDI: → correction is needed
→ implemented by RT simulations



Comparison:

- MSI/VELOX: → **TIR brightness temperature OK** (one case in high latitudes)
- BBR/BACARDI: → Solar fluxes OK (only tropics)
→ **TIR fluxes show differences** (warm targets)



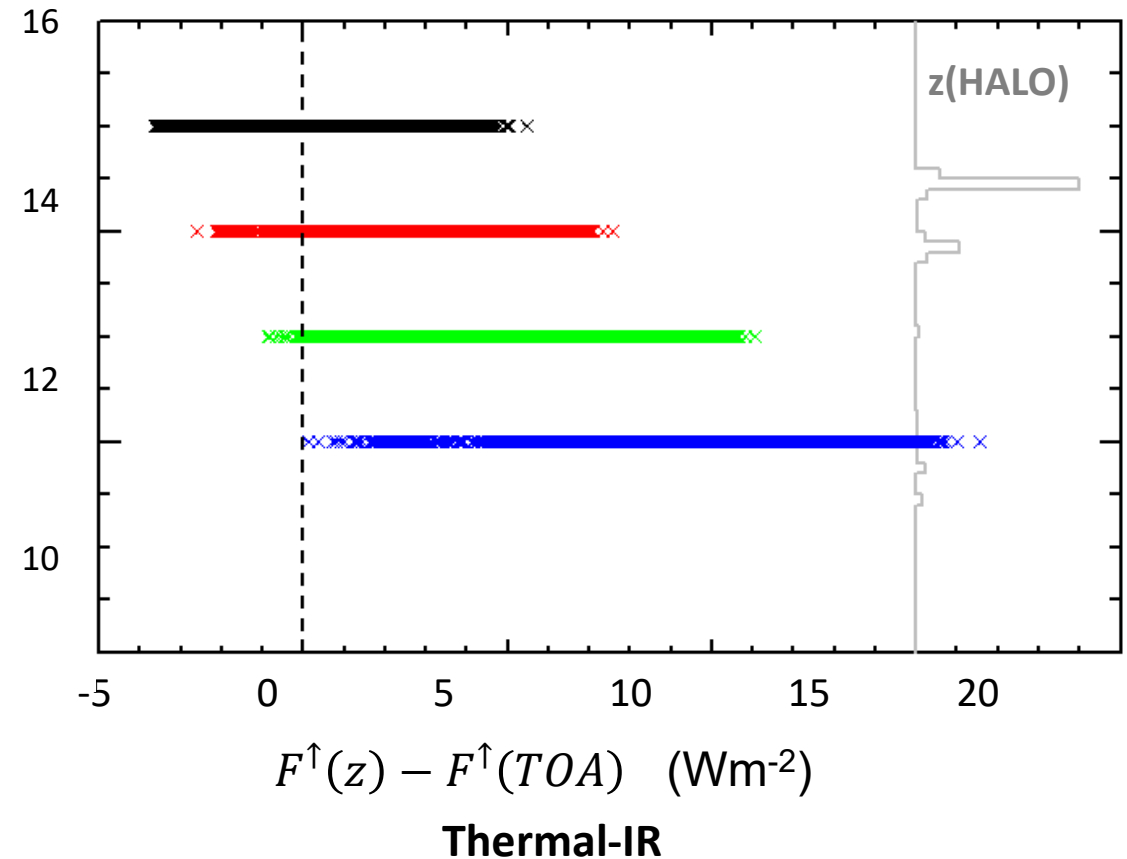
BACARDI vs. BBR

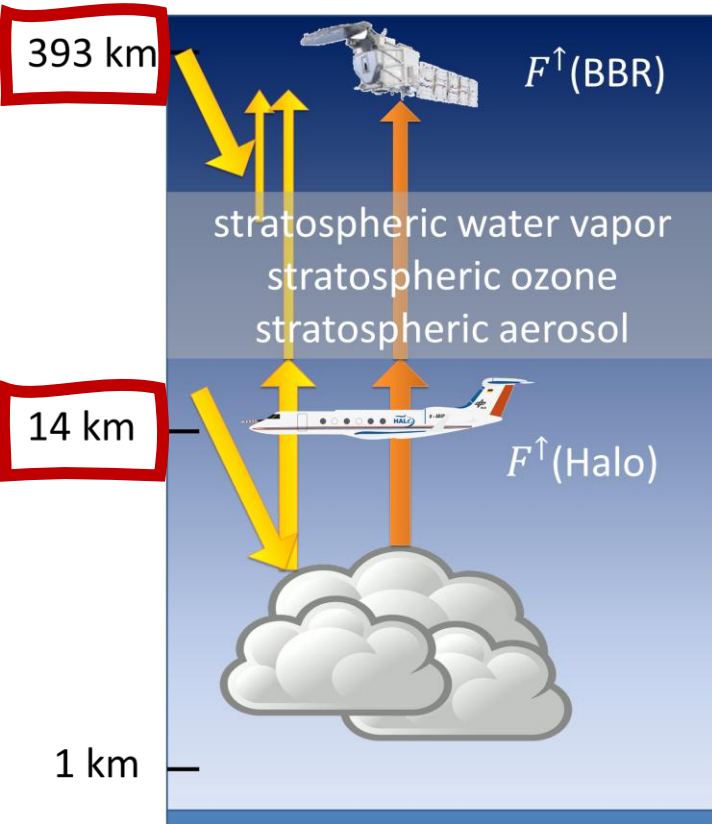
Radiative transfer

simulations



Flight altitude (km)



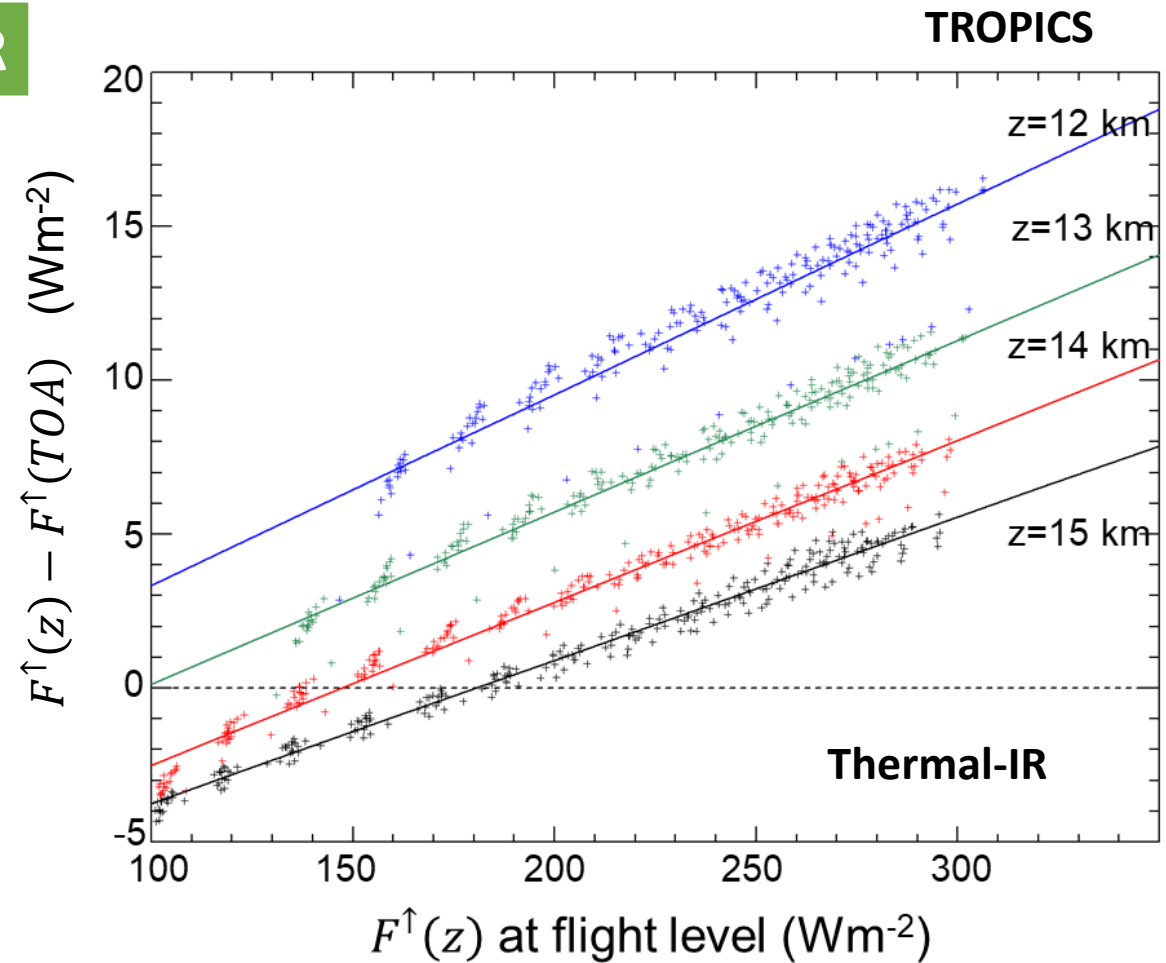


BACARDI vs. BBR

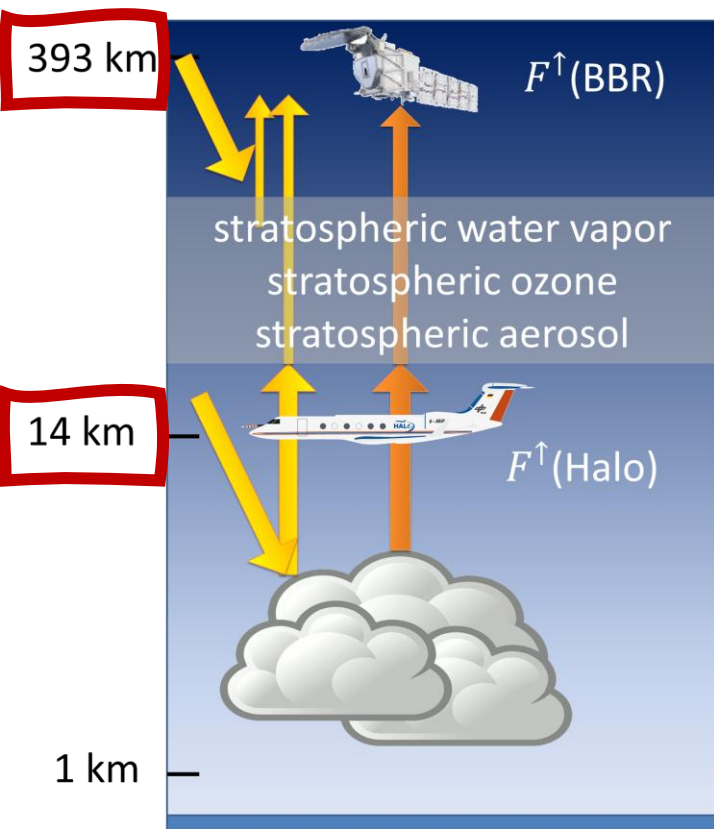
Radiative transfer

simulations

based on
X-MET data

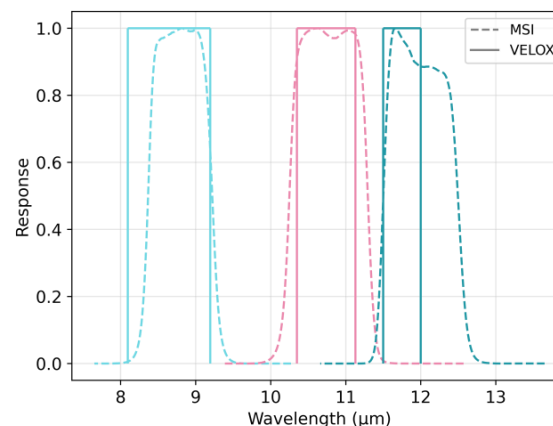


Correction: individual for each orbit



VELOX vs. MSI

+ Spectral response functions



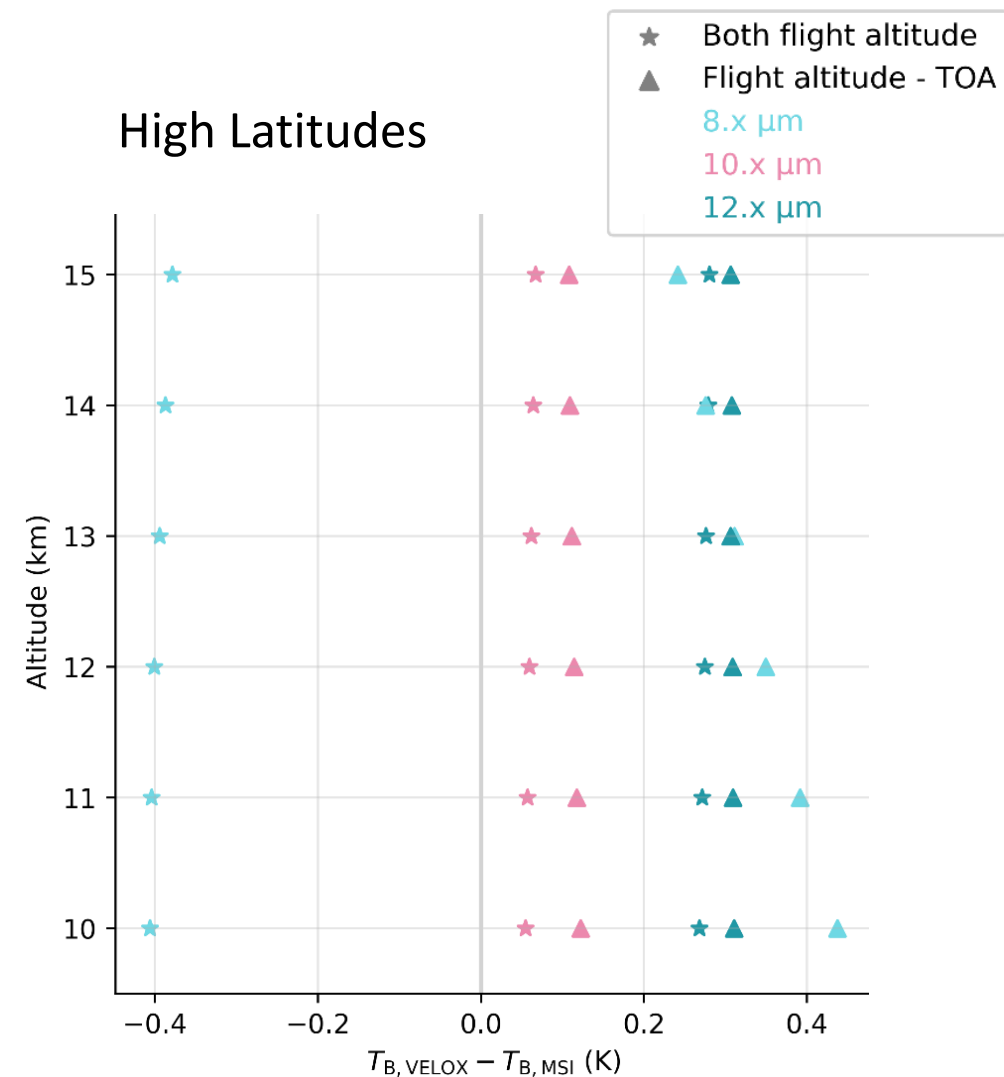
Radiative transfer

simulations

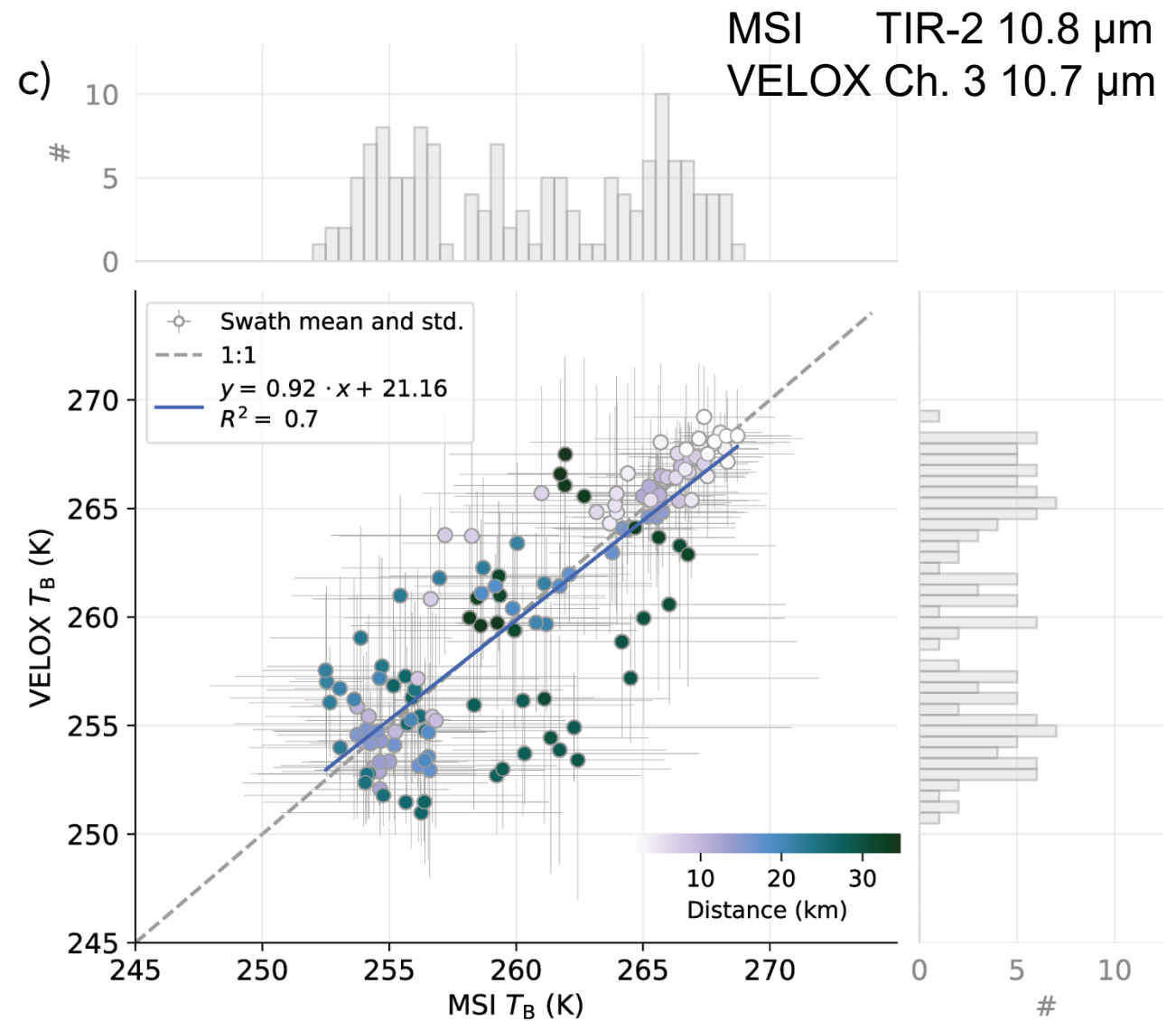
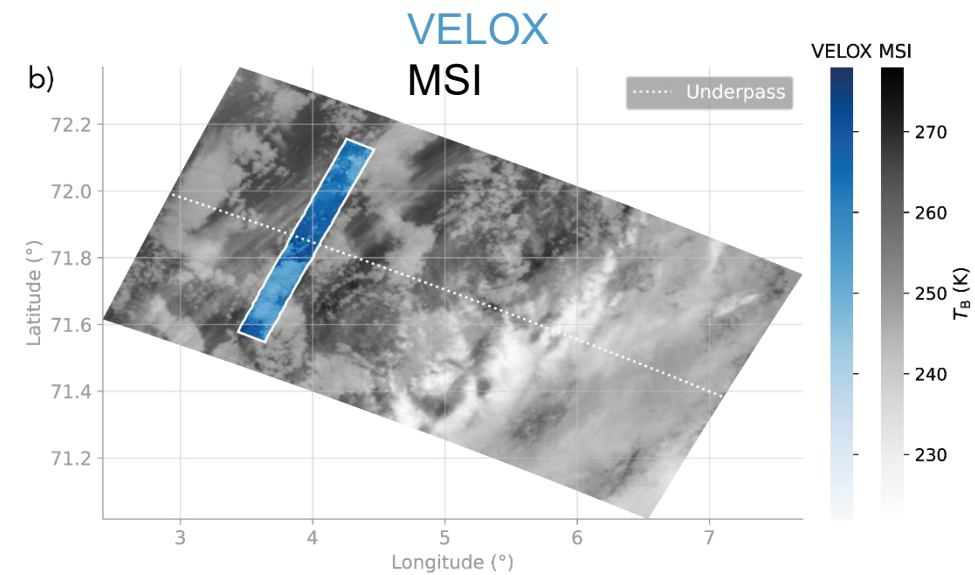
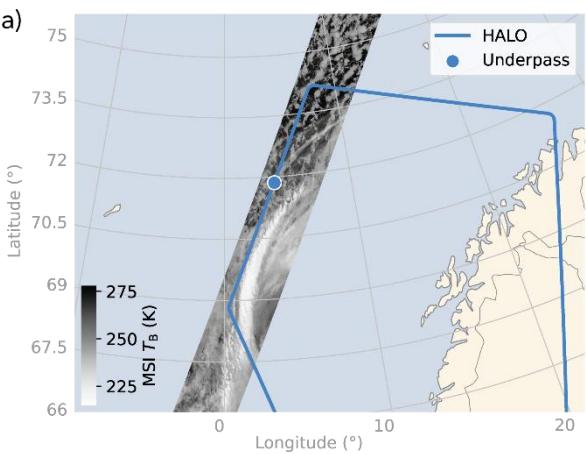
☆ Only spectral differences

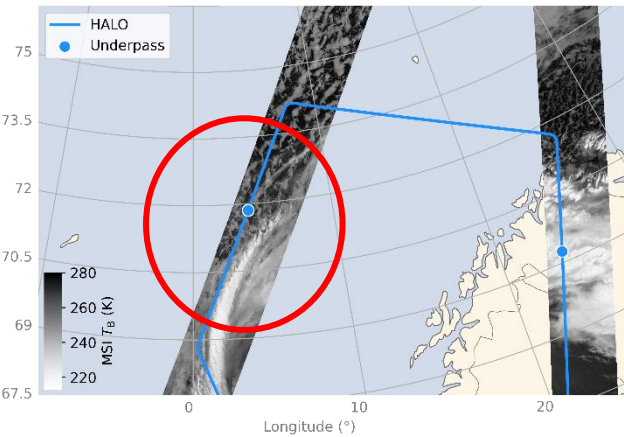
△ Spectral & altitude differences

High Latitudes



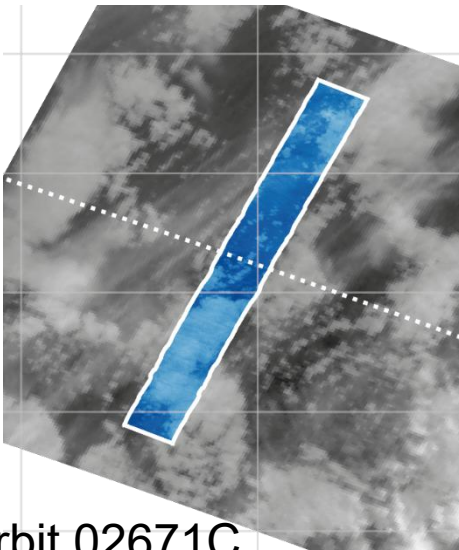
- Indication for water vapor and ozone absorption
- Differences do not exceed measurement uncertainties



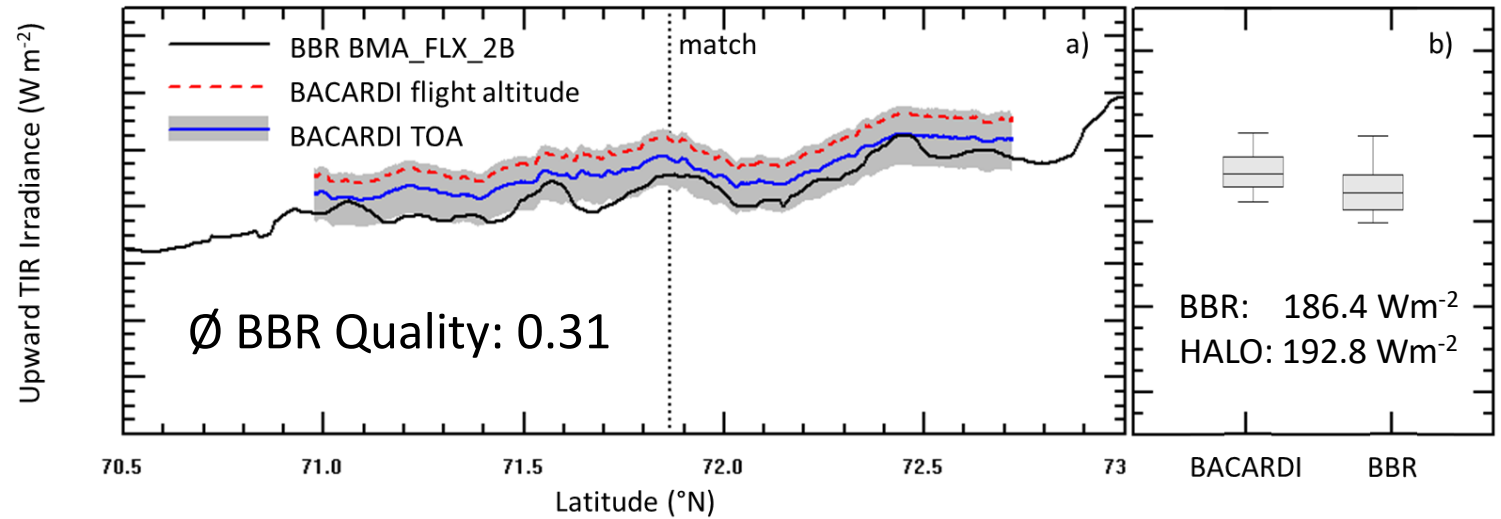


Orbit 02671C

16. November 2024
Baseline BA

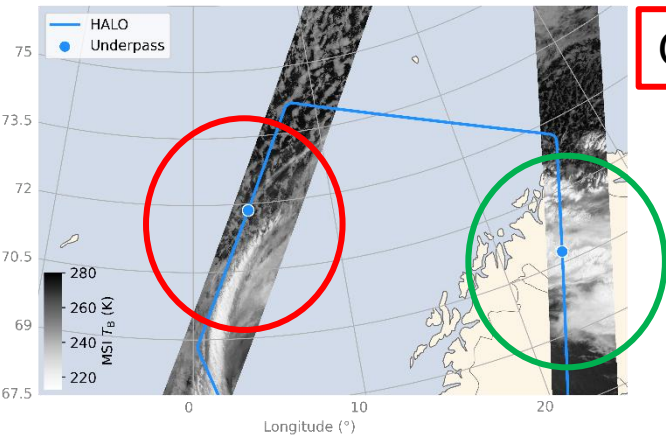


Orbit 02671C



Different variability → Field of view (FOV)

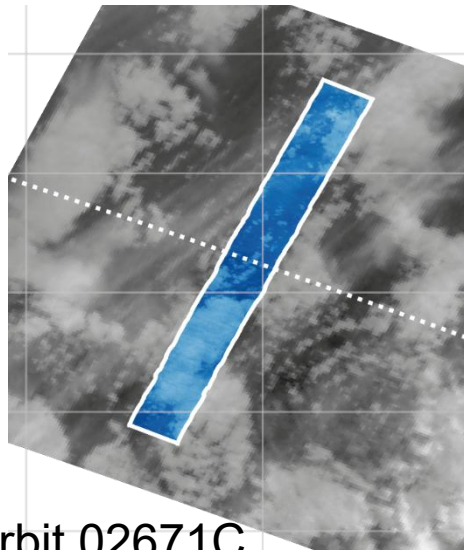
- BACARDI:
- FOV depends on cloud altitude
 - High clouds = smaller footprint (1 km above = 6 km)
 - Surface = larger footprint (14 km = 80 km)



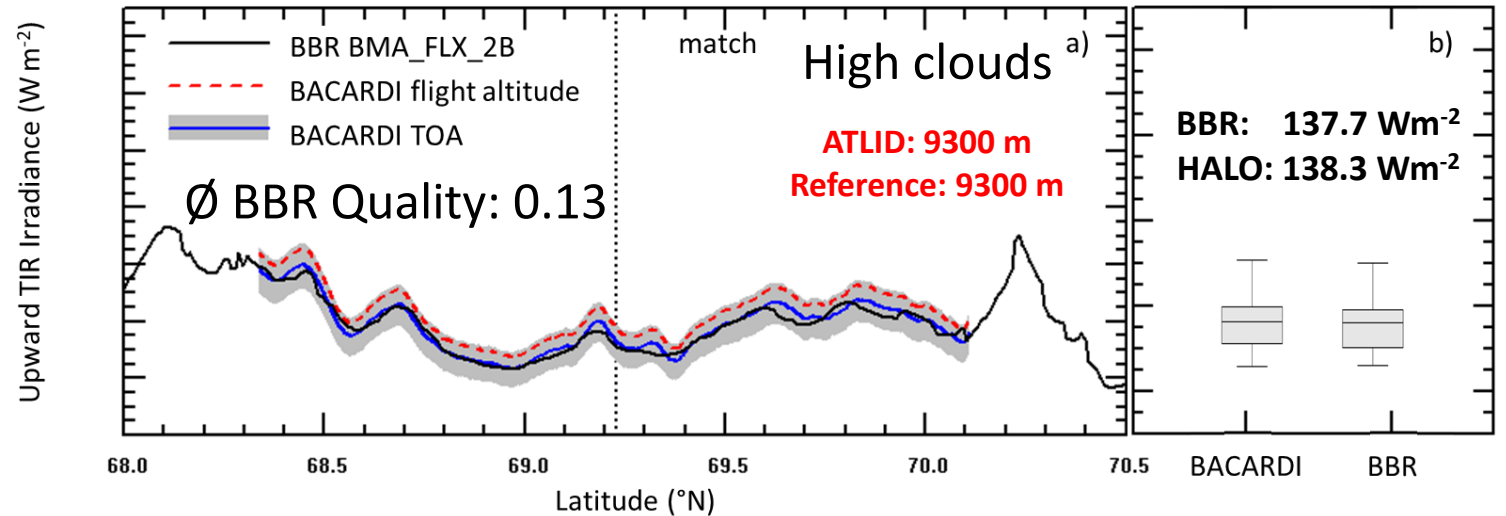
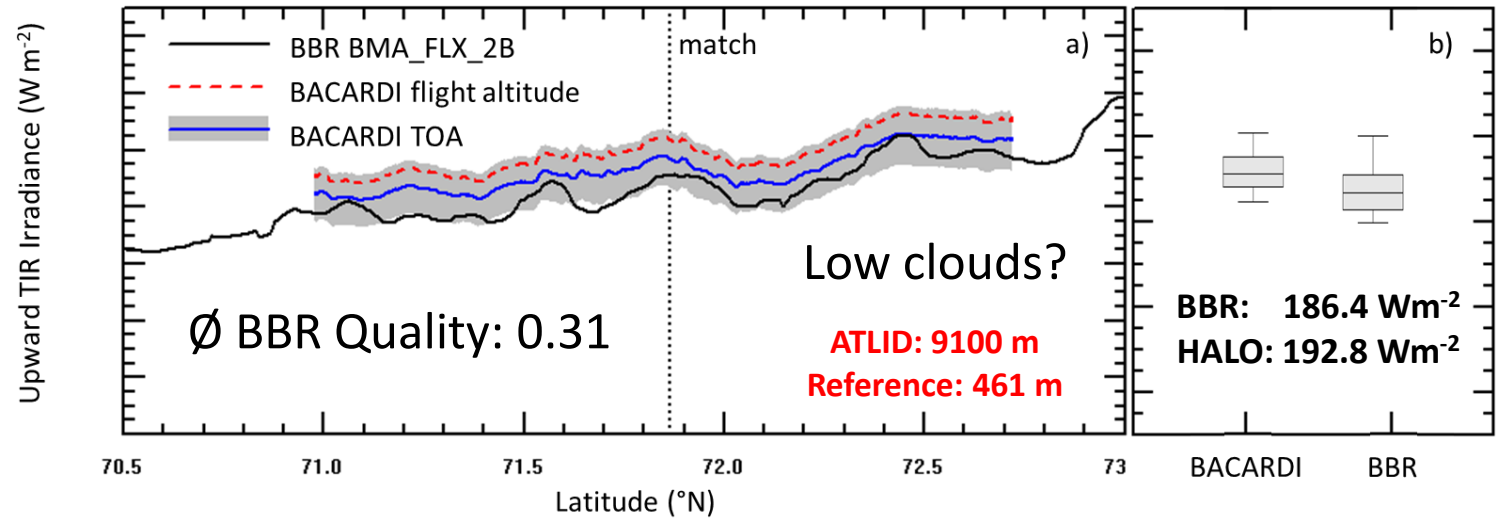
Orbit 02671C

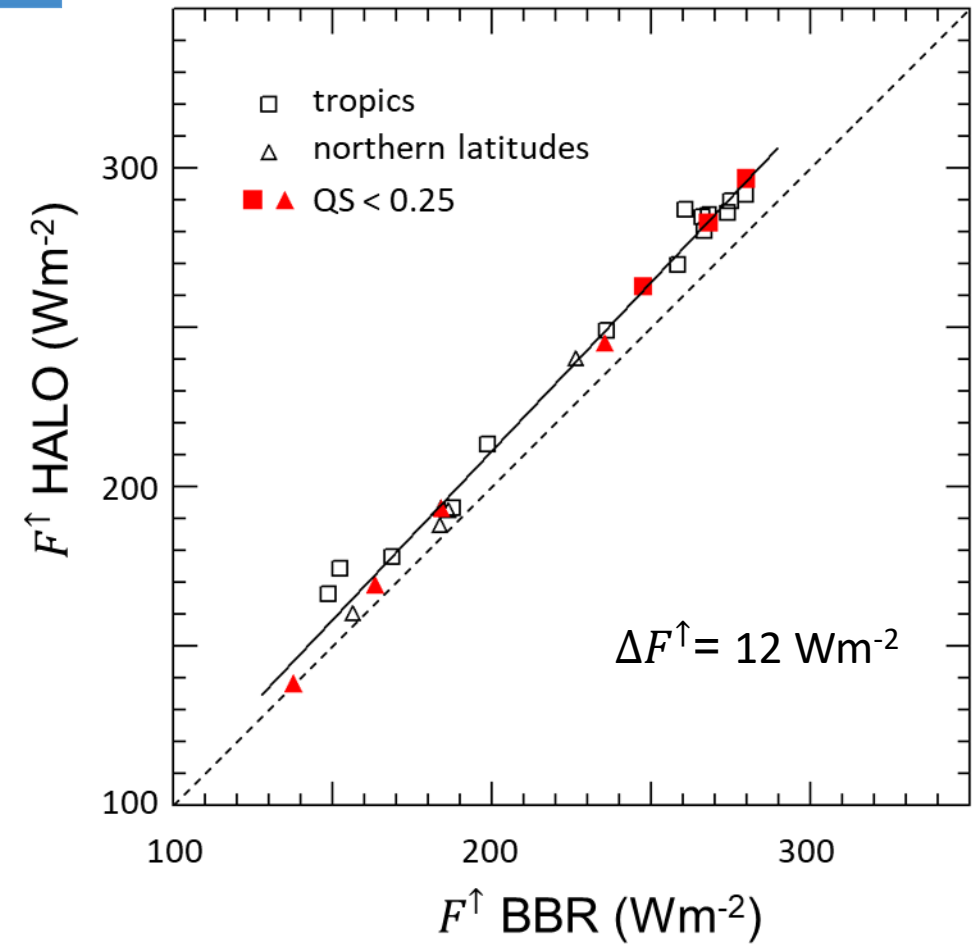
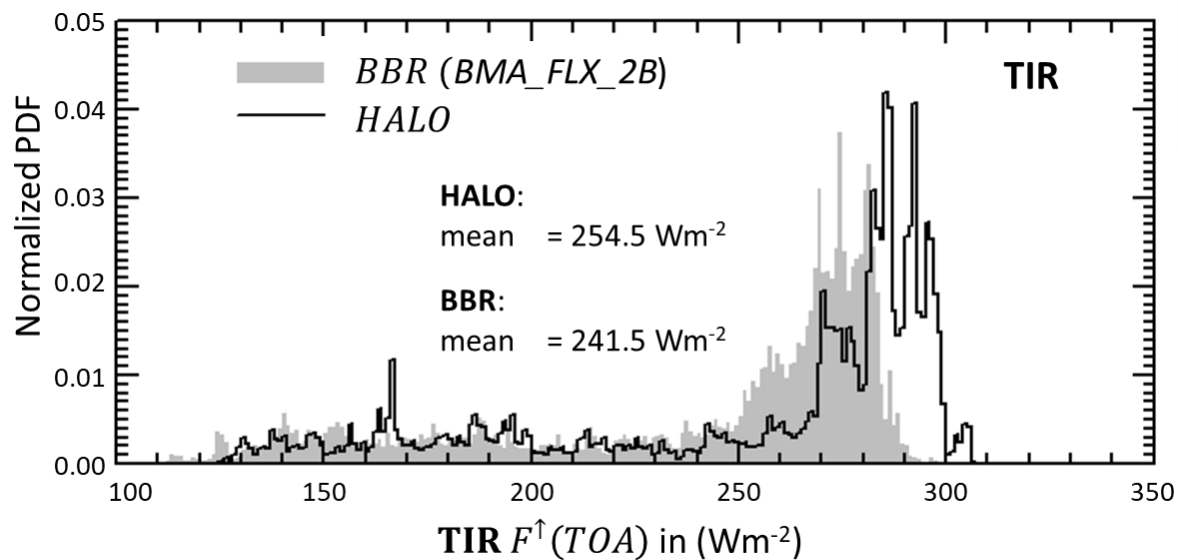
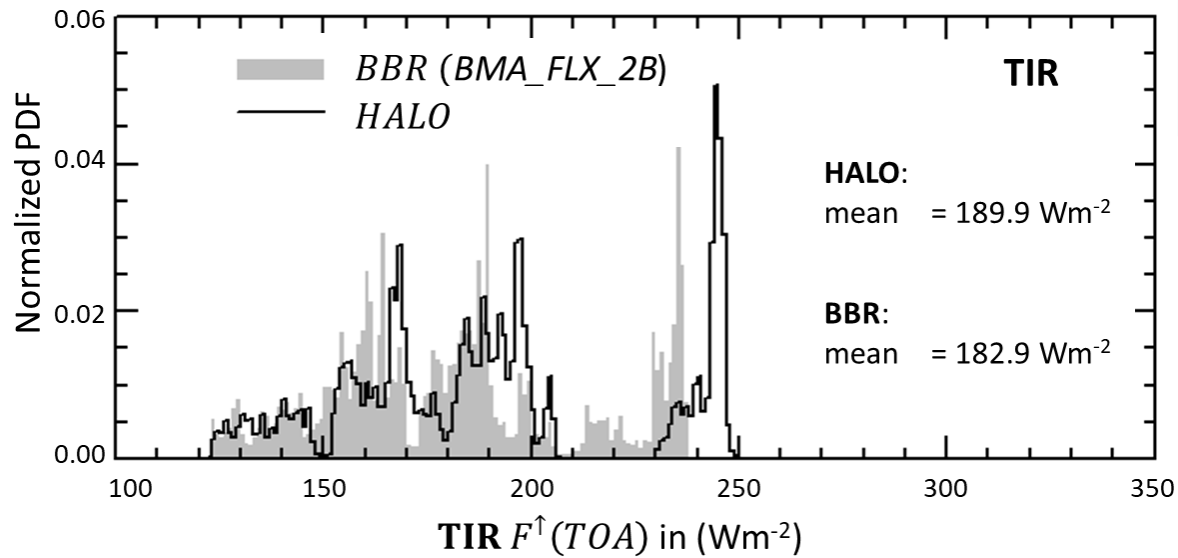
16. November 2024
Baseline BA

Orbit 02670C



Orbit 02671C





- Atmospheric correction:
 - MSI/VELOX: → high latitudes small effect
→ tropics correction is needed
 - BBR/BACARDI: → correction is needed and possible
- Comparison:
 - MSI/VELOX: → TIR radiances OK (one case in high latitudes)
 - BBR/BACARDI: → Solar fluxes OK (only tropics)
→ TIR fluxes show differences (warm targets)

